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In the claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method for inducing [[a]] an undifferentiated cell having activin receptors responsive to activin to differentiate to a neuronal cell phenotype, which undifferentiated cell is provided in a culture of two or more cells in vitro, comprising

providing contacting said cell with a first agent that antagonizes the biological action of activin selected from follistatin, proteins that include at least one follistatin molecule, an \(\alpha\)2-macroglobulin, and an inhibin, and

a second agent which agent is a neurotrophic factor that enhances a particular differentiation fate of the cell,

wherein said first agent and second agent are provided in amounts sufficient to induce differentiation of said cell to a neuronal cell phenotype an-agent which antagonizes the biological action of at least one polypeptide growth factor of the Transforming Growth Factor β (TGF- β) family, said growth factor normally inducing said cell to differentiate to a non-neuronal phenotype.

- 2. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said <u>first</u> antagonizing agent inhibits the biological activity of <u>activin</u> said <u>growth factor</u> by preventing <u>activin</u> said <u>growth factor</u> from binding growth factor receptors on the surface of said cell.
- 3. (Currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein said <u>first</u> antagonizing agent binds said growth factor and sequesters said growth factor such that it cannot bind said growth factor receptors.
- 4. (Currently amended) The method of claim 3, wherein said <u>first</u> antagonizing agent is selected from a group consisting of a follistatin, an α2-macroglobulin, <u>and</u> a protein containing at least one follistatin module, and a truncated receptor for a growth factor of the TGF β family.

5-6. (Canceled)

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7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein said <u>first</u> antagonizing agent inhibits binding of said growth factor with said growth factor receptors via its own binding to said growth factor receptor.

8. (Currently amended) The method of claim 7, wherein said <u>first</u> antagonizing agent is an inhibin.

9-14. (Canceled)

15. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said second agent is selected from cell is further contacted with a second growth factor having neurotrophic or neural inductive activity, such as a nerve growth factor, cilliary neurotrophic growth factor, Schwannoma-derived sehwanoma-derived growth factor, glial growth factor, striatal-derived neuronotrophic factor, platelet-derived growth factor, scatter factor, a vertebrate hedgehog protein, noggin, and a ligand for a Notch receptor.

16. (Canceled)

- 17. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said neuronal cell <u>phenotype</u> comprises a neural progenitor cell.
- 18. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said neuronal <u>progenitor</u> cell is selected from a group consisting of a melanocyte progenitor cell, a glial progenitor cell, a sensory neuron progenitor cell, a sympatho-adrenal progenitor cell, a parasympathetic progenitor cell, and an enteric progenitor cell.
- 19. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said neuronal cell <u>phenotype</u> is a terminally-differentiated neuronal cell.

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20. (Currently amended) The method of claim 19, wherein said terminally-differentiated neuronal cell is selected from a group consisting of a microglial cell, a macroglial cell, a schwann cell, a cholinergic cell, a peptidergic cell, and a <u>serotonergic serotenergic</u> cell.

21. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said <u>undifferentiated</u> cell is selected from a group consisting of an embryonic cell, a fetal cell, and a neonatal cell.

22-40. (Canceled)

- 41. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying a neuralizing activity, comprising
 - (i) culturing animal cap cells derived from an embryo, or equivalent cells thereof, in the presence of a polypeptide growth factor of the TGF-β family, said growth factor normally inducing said cells to differentiate to a non-neuronal phenotype,
 - (ii) contacting said cells with a candidate agent, and
 - (iii) detecting the neuronal differentiation of any of said cells, wherein neuronal differentiation of said cells in the presence of said candidate agent is indicative of a neuralizing activity.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein said growth factor is activin.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein said neuronal differentiation is detected by scoring for the presence of a neural-specific marker on the surface of said cells.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, wherein said neural specific marker is NCAM, and the presence of NCAM is scored using a detectably labeled anti-NCAM antibody.

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